## Basic Computation (4.NBT.4)

$378+1,761=$ $\qquad$

## Estimation (4.NBT.3)

Round to the nearest hundred:
329 $\qquad$ 6,582 $\qquad$
750 $\qquad$ 88 $\qquad$

## Drawing/Picture (4.NF.1)

Use a visual fraction model to show how $3 / 4$ and $6 / 8$ have the same value.

## Place Value (4.NBT.2)

Write 538 using number names and expanded form.

Skill of the Week (4.NBT.5)
Show how you would solve $48 \times 76$ using an area model.

## Measurement (4.MD.3)

Find the area of a room that has a length of 23 meters and a width of 9 meters.

## Mathematics Spiral Review Quarter 1.1 Key

 Grade 5
## Basic Computation (4.NBT.4)

$378+1,761=2,139$
This computation requires regrouping as well as lining up place value positions correctly.

## Estimation (4.NBT.3)

Round to the nearest hundred:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
329 \rightarrow 300 & 6,582 \rightarrow 6,600 \\
750 \rightarrow 800 & 88 \rightarrow 100
\end{array}
$$

## Place Value (4.NBT.2)

Write 538 using number names and expanded form.

Five hundred thirty-eight
$500+30+8$ OR $(5 \times 100)+(3 \times 10)+(8 \times 1)$

## Skill of the Week (4.NBT.5)

Show how you would solve $48 \times 76$ using an area model.
$48 \times 76=3,648$ Check the area model for the subsections of $2800,240,560$, and 48

|  | 70 | $\mathbf{c}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 <br> + <br> 8 | $40 \times 70=2800$ | $40 \times 6=240$ |
|  | $8 \times 70=560$ | $8 \times 6=48$ |
|  |  |  |

## Measurement (4.MD.3)

Find the area of a room that has a length of 23 meters and a width of 9 meters.

23 meters x 9 meters = 207 square meters.

## Basic Computation (4.NBT.4)

$1,750-342=$ $\qquad$

## Estimation (4.NBT.3)

While training for a marathon, Crista ran 36 miles one week, 43 miles the second week, and 33 miles a third week. About how many miles did she run?

## Drawing/Picture (4.NF.7)

Draw a model to prove that $0.4<0.7$

## Place Value (4.NBT.2)

Write the following in standard form:
Eight hundred seventy-four thousand, five hundred sixty-one

Twenty-five thousand, eight hundred ten

Skill of the Week (5.NBT.5)
Using the standard algorithm, multiply:
$64 \times 91=$ $\qquad$
$527 \times 83=$ $\qquad$

Measurement (4.MD.2)
Complete the following tables:
1 quart = $\qquad$ pints = $\qquad$ cups = $\qquad$ ounces

3 quarts = $\qquad$ pints $=$ $\qquad$ cups $=$ $\qquad$ ounces

1 gallon= $\qquad$ quarts $=$ $\qquad$ pints $=$ $\qquad$ cups

## Mathematics Spiral Review Quarter 1.2 key Grade 5

## Basic Computation (4.NBT.4)

$1,750-342=1,408$
Look for errors when subtracting in the ones place. They will need to ungroup the tens place.

## Estimation (4.NBT.3)

While training for a marathon, Crista ran 36 miles one week, 43 miles the second week, and 33 miles a third week. About how many miles did she run? Answers will vary. Using the rules of rounding, you would change the values to 40,40 , and $\mathbf{3 0}$ for an estimate of $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ miles. If a student chose to use front end estimation, the values would be 30,40 , and 30 for an estimate of $\underline{100}$ miles.

## Drawing/Picture (4.NF.7)

Draw a model to prove that $0.4<0.7$
Answers will vary, possibly rectangles or square subdivided in 10 pieces with 4 parts and 7 parts shaded. A number line in tenths would also work.

## Place Value (4.NBT.2)

Write the following in standard form:
Eight hundred seventy-four thousand, five hundred sixty-one 874,561

Twenty-five thousand, eight hundred ten $\mathbf{2 5 , 8 1 0}$

## Skill of the Week (5.NBT.5)

Using the standard algorithm, multiply:
$64 \times 91=\underline{5,824} \quad 527 \times 83=\underline{43,741}$
Students may choose to use the commutative property to show $91 \times 64$ when setting up their work.

## Measurement (4.MD.2)

Complete the following tables:
1 quart = $\underline{2}$ pints = $\underline{4}$ cups $=\underline{32}$ ounces
3 quarts $=\underline{6}$ pints $=\underline{12}$ cups $=\underline{96}$ ounces
1 gallon = $\underline{4}$ quarts $=\underline{8}$ pints $=\underline{16}$ cups

## Grade 5

## Basic Computation (5.NBT.6)

Solve:
$8,164 \div 4=$

## Estimation (4.NBT. 3 and 5.NBT.5)

Round to the largest place value position to estimate the size of the product, then solve to find the actual value. $682 \times 29=$ $\qquad$

## Drawing/Picture (4.MD.4)

Make a line plot to show the following amounts of rain in inches on seven days in the month of August:
$1 / 8,1 / 4,1 / 4,1 / 2,3 / 4,1 / 8,1 / 4$

## Place Value (4.NBT.2)

A number has a 7 in the hundreds place, a
4 in the thousands place, a 3 in the ones place, and a 9 in the tens place. Tell what the number is using base ten numerals, number names, and expanded form.

## Skill of the Week (5.NBT.6)

The cafeteria was making soup for 762 students. If each pot of soup served 24 students, how many pots of soup would they need to make? How do you interpret the remainder?

* Whole Numbers Only * Round Up * Fractions * Decimal Numbers * Remainder Only


## Measurement (4.MD.4)

Use your drawing of the line plot to find the total amount of rain during the seven days in August.

## Mathematics Spiral Review Quarter 1.3 key Grade 5

## Basic Computation (5.NBT.6)

Solve:
$8,164 \div 4=2,041$
This problem has a zero in the quotient. Students often leave out the zero.

## Estimation (4.NBT. 3 and 5.NBT.5)

Round to the largest place value position to estimate the size of the product, then solve to find the actual value.
$700 \times 30=21,000$
$682 \times 29=19,778$

## Drawing/Picture (4.MD.4)

Make a line plot to show the following amounts of rain in inches on seven days in the month of August:

$$
1 / 8,1 / 4,1 / 4,1 / 2,3 / 4,1 / 8,1 / 4
$$

The line plot should show two $x$ 's above $1 / 8$, three $x$ 's above $1 / 4$, one $x$ above $1 / 2$, and one $x$ above3/4.


## Place Value (4.NBT.2)

A number has a 7 in the hundreds place, a 4 in the thousands place, a 3 in the ones place, and a 9 in the tens place. Tell what the number is using base ten numerals, number names, and expanded form.

4,793 Four thousand, seven hundred ninety-three
$4,000+700+90+3$ OR $4 \times 1,000+7 \times 100+9 \times 10+3 \times 1$

## Skill of the Week (5.NBT.6)

The cafeteria was making soup for 762 students. If each pot of soup served 24 students, how many pots of soup would they need to make? How do you interpret the remainder? The computation answer is 31 r 18 , but you round up to 32 pans or 18 students won't get any soup.

## Measurement (4.MD.4)

Use your drawing of the line plot to find the total amount of rain during the seven days in August.

2 2/8 inches or 2 1/4 inches

## Basic Computation (5.NBT.5)

Solve:
$409 \times 63=$

## Estimation (5.NBT.6)

A class donated 929 pop tops to the student council. If they were shared equally among 32 bags, about how many pop tops would each bag have?

## Drawing/Picture (4.G.2)

Draw and name two polygons that have both parallel and perpendicular lines.

## Place Value (5.NBT.3b)

Compare the following values using the <, >, or = symbol:

1) 463.2 436.9
2) 5.602 $\qquad$ 5.620
3) 65.4 65.400
4) 9.6 $\qquad$ 9.37

## Skill of the Week (5.NBT.3)

Three kids finished the 50 meter dash and were comparing times. Ezra finished in 13.4 seconds, Avi finished in 13.195 seconds, and Tariq finished in 13.25 seconds. In what order did they finish the race?

## Measurement (4.MD.3)

Use a formula for perimeter to find the total amount of fencing needed to enclose a garden that is 17 meters by 12 meters.

## Mathematics Spiral Review Quarter 1.4 key Grade 5

## Basic Computation (5.NBT.5)

Solve:
$409 \times 63=25,767$
Look for errors when multiplying with a zero in the factor.

## Estimation (5.NBT.6)

A class donated 929 pop tops to the student council. If they were shared equally among 32 bags, about how many pop tops would each bag have?
There are multiple strategies:
$32 \times 20=640,32 \times 30=960$, so a quotient close to 30 would be reasonable. You could also use compatible numbers and think that $900 \div 30=30$.

## Drawing/Picture (4.G.2)

Draw and name two polygons that have both parallel and perpendicular lines.

Possibilities include a square, a rectangle, and a right trapezoid. *Other pentagons, hexagons, etc. could also work if they draw them correctly.

## Place Value (5.NBT.3b)

Compare the following values using
the <, >, or = symbol:

1) $463.2>436.9$
2) $5.602<5.620$
3) $65.4=65.400$
4) $9.6>9.37$

## Skill of the Week (5.NBT.3)

Three kids finished the 50 meter dash and were comparing times. Ezra finished in 13.4 seconds, Avi finished in 13.195 seconds, and Tariq finished in 13.25 seconds. In what order did they finish the race? Avi in first, Tariq in second, Ezra in third.

$$
13.195<13.25<13.4
$$

## Measurement (4.MD.3)

Use a formula for perimeter to find the total amount of fencing needed to enclose a garden that is 17 meters by 12 meters. 58 meters (formulas may vary)
$\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{P}=2(\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{w}) & 58=2(17+12) \\ \mathrm{P}=2 \mathrm{l}+2 \mathrm{w} & 58=2^{*} 17+2^{*} 12 \\ \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{w}+\mathrm{w} & 58=17+17+12+12\end{array}$
$P=I+I+w+w \quad 58=17+17+12+12$

## Grade 5

## Basic Computation (5.NBT.7)

Solve:
$475.6-39.28=$

## Estimation (5.NBT.4)

Jazmin had $\$ 50.00$ to spend on an outfit for her daughter's recital. The shoes cost $\$ 11.25$, the shirt cost $\$ 21.25$, and the skirt cost $\$ 17.95$. She thinks she has enough to make the purchase. How could she have estimated to think this? Does she really have enough?

## Drawing/Picture (4.G.2)

Draw a trapezoid and a parallelogram. Use your understanding of parallel lines to explain the likenesses and differences between them.

## Place Value (5.NBT.3a)

Write the following values using base ten numerals:
fifty-four thousandths
thirteen tenths
two hundred eighty-four hundredths

## Skill of the Week (5.NBT.2)

Multiply 52.6 by 10,100 , and 1,000 .
Divide 52.6 by 10, 100, and 1,000 .
How would you write 10, 100, and 1,000 using exponents?

## Measurement (4.MD.2)

Riley and Meagan each ran $1 / 2$ of a 5 km race. How many meters did each of the girls run?

## Mathematics Spiral Review Quarter 1.5 key Grade 5

## Basic Computation (5.NBT.7)

Solve:
475.6 - $39.28=436.32$

Students will need to line up the place value positions correctly, use equivalent decimals, as well as ungroup.

## Estimation (5.NBT.4)

Jazmin had $\$ 50.00$ to spend on an outfit for her daughter's recital. The shoes cost $\mathbf{\$ 1 1 . 2 5}$, the shirt cost $\$ 21.25$, and the skirt cost $\$ 17.95$. She thinks she has enough to make the purchase. How could she have estimated to think this?

She could have used front end estimation to get $\$ 40.00$ or rounded to the nearest dollar to get $\$ 50.00$. The actual total is $\$ 50.45$.

## Drawing/Picture (4.G.2)

Draw a trapezoid and a parallelogram. Use your understanding of parallel lines to explain the likenesses and differences between them.

Both of these polygons have sides that are parallel (will never intersect) but the trapezoid only has one pair and the parallelogram has two pairs.

## Place Value (5.NBT.3a)

Write the following values using base ten numerals:
fifty-four thousandths $=0.054$
thirteen tenths $=1.3$
two hundred eighty-four hundredths = 2.84
These unusually written values are often confusing for students.

## Skill of the Week (5.NBT.2)

Multiply 52.6 by 10,100 , and 1,000 .
Divide 52.6 by 10, 100, and 1,000 .
How would you write 10, 100, and 1,000
using exponents?
$52.6 \times 10=526,52.6 \times 100=5,260$, and
$52.6 \times 1,000=52,600$
$52.6 \div 10=5.26,52.6 \div 100=0.526$, and
$52.6 \div 1,000=0.0526$
$10=10^{1}, 100=10^{2}, 1,000=10^{3}$

## Measurement (4.MD.2)

Riley and Meagan each ran $1 / 2$ of a 5 km race. How many meters did each of
the girls run? $5 \mathrm{~km}=\mathbf{5 , 0 0 0}$ meters
5,000 meters $\div \mathbf{2}=\mathbf{2 , 5 0 0}$ meters each

